Village of Forreston Forreston, Illinois

Annual Financial Report

April 30, 2018

April 30, 2018

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April 30, 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Village of Forreston Forreston, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Forreston, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Forreston, Illinois as of April 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 3 through 8 and 39 through 54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Forreston, Illinois' basic financial statements. The additional schedules listed in the table of contents as other supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining balance sheet – General fund and the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of the management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Rockford, Illinois November 20, 2018

Wippei LLP

Management Discussion and Analysis	

Management Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Village of Forreston, Illinois, (the "Village") we offer the readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village of Forreston, Illinois for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of required supplementary information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34. The Village implemented the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34 in the fiscal year ending April 30, 2005.

The MD&A is provided at the beginning of the report to provide an overview of the Village's financial position and the results of operations for the year. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit report, which consists of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required and other supplementary information.

Using This Financial Report

The financial section of this annual report consists of four parts - Independent Auditor's Reports, required supplementary information which includes the MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. GASB 34 requires comparative data between the prior and current year. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Village:

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements (see pages 9 - 10) that provide both short term and long term information about the Village's overall financial status, similar to a private sector business. In the government-wide financial statements the Village's activities are shown in two categories - governmental and business type activities. The Village's basic services are public safety, water and sewer services, street maintenance, public library services, park and recreation and general government services. Current operations of these activities are largely financed with property taxes, income taxes, sales taxes, and user fees. Large capital projects are usually financed with bond issues.

The statement of net position (see page 9) presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the Village you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as the condition of the Village's buildings and facilities.

Management Discussion and Analysis

The statement of activities (see page 10) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. The financial statements for all Governmental fund types are prepared under the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as net current assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the accrual basis of accounting when related fund liability is incurred.

The financial statement for the enterprise type (proprietary fund) is accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting (see pages 15 - 18). Its revenues are recognized when they are earned, and its expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Unbilled Water and Sewerage Fund utility service receivables are recorded at year end.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds - not the Village as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Village uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required by state law, while others are established to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that the Village is properly using certain revenues.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for each. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains ten individual governmental funds which include the Forreston Public Library which is a component unit of the Village and one combined business type fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and the changes in fund balances for all these funds. The general fund is the major general operating fund of the Village.

The Village adopts annual budgets for all major governmental funds and certain other funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major governmental funds only, which is in compliance with GASB Statement No. 34.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Condensed Financial Information

Net position is summarized in the table below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position as of April 30, 2017 and 2018

		vernmental Business-Type <u>activities</u> <u>Activities</u> <u>To</u>			<u>otal</u>	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Current Assets	\$1,310,081	\$1,245,313	\$ 594,706	\$ 486,494	\$1,904,787	\$1,731,807
Capital Assets (Net)	813,411	793,583	4,638,880	4,587,045	5,452,291	5,380,628
Deferred outflows	60,444	45,062			60,444	45,062
Total Assets and Deferred outflows	2,183,936	2,083,958	5,233,586	5,073,539	7,417,522	7,157,497
Current Liabilities	33,830	25,837	217,746	134,935	251,576	160,772
Noncurrent Liabilities	191,879	85,591	2,384,778	2,265,660	2,576,657	2,351,251
Deferred Inflows	214,983	284,752			214,983	284,752
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	440,692	396,180	2,384,778	2,400,595	3,043,216	2,796,775
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	813,411	793,583	2,254,102	2,202,267	3,067,513	2,995,850
Restricted	369,270	386,486	-	-	369,270	386,486
Unrestricted	560,563	507,709	376,960	470,677	937,523	978,386
Total Net Position	<u>\$1,743,244</u>	<u>\$1,687,778</u>	<u>\$2,631,062</u>	<u>\$2,672,944</u>	<u>\$4,374,306</u>	<u>\$4,360,722</u>

For more detailed information see the Statement of Net Position (page 9).

The Village's largest asset group this year is the capital assets. The capital asset group includes land, land improvements, buildings, building improvements, equipment, and technology.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Condensed Financial Information (Continued)

The Village's net position consists of net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents assets which have restrictions determined by an outside party.

Unrestricted net position represents net position that has not been restricted by an outside party. This includes funds that the Village Board has designated for specific uses as well as amounts that are contractually committed for goods and services.

Revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are summarized in the table below:

Condensed Statement of Activities For Fiscal Years Ending April 30, 2017 and 2018

			ness-Type ctivities	<u>Total</u>		
Revenues	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 32,152	\$ 24,535	\$ 592,026	\$ 588,614	\$ 624,178	\$ 613,149
Operating Grants &						
Contributions	51,541	44,844	-	-	51,541	44,844
Capital Grants & Contributions	19,200	24,454	_	_	19,200	24,454
Continuations	19,200	24,434	_	_	19,200	24,434
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	219,987	233,523	-	-	219,987	233,523
Other Taxes	290,728	329,114	-	-	290,728	329,114
Other General						
Revenues	2,292	<u>15,269</u>	<u>46,617</u>	41,303	<u>48,909</u>	<u>56,572</u>
Total Revenues	615,900	671,739	638,643	629,917	1,254,543	1,301,656

Management Discussion and Analysis

Condensed Financial Information (Continued)

		nmental <u>vities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		
Expenses	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	
Program Expenses:							
General Government	165,035	221,774	_	_	165,035	221,774	
Public Safety	168,947	192,782	-	-	168,947	192,782	
Public Works	240,821	239,420	619,798	588,035	860,619	827,455	
Culture & Recreation	73,644	73,229	<u> </u>		73,644	73,229	
Total Expenses	<u>648,447</u>	727,205	<u>619,798</u>	<u>588,035</u>	<u>1,268,245</u>	<u>1,315,240</u>	
Transfers	(7,040)		7,040				
Change in Net Position	(39,587)	(55,466)	25,885	41,882	(13,702)	(13,584)	
Net Position-Beginning	1,782,831	1,743,244	2,605,177	2,631,062	4,388,008	4,374,306	
Net Position-Ending	<u>\$1,743,244</u>	<u>\$1,687,778</u>	<u>\$2,631,062</u>	<u>\$2,672,944</u>	<u>\$4,374,306</u>	\$4,360,722	

Major sources of operating revenues for the Village's governmental funds include: Property taxes, state/federal grants, and general state taxes. The major source of operating revenue of the business type/proprietary fund are water and sewer user fees.

Management's Analysis of the Village's Overall Financial Position and Results of Operations

The Statement of Activities reflects an overall decrease in the net position of \$13,584. An increase in revenues over expenses was realized for business type activities while a decrease in revenues over expenses was realized and for governmental activities.

GASB Statement No. 34 affects the Village's reporting model, but not the day-to-day operations or the budgeting process of the Village. In considering the Village's financial position at April 30, 2018, of key importance is the fund balance in the operating funds. Fund balances in the other fund types are limited in use according to the source of revenue.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Capital Assets/Long Term Debt

The Village has decided to record infrastructure assets prospectively beginning with the fiscal year 2005.

During the fiscal year the Village purchased a mower for \$7,975 and Village Books software for \$16,000 with funds from the general and water and sewer funds and an additional \$166,147 of expenses for sewer line extending for development. Please refer to Note (1) and Note (4) for further information on capital assets.

The Village paid principal and interest payment of \$166,103 on the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency loan. Please refer to Note (6) for further information on long-term debt.

Budgetary Highlights

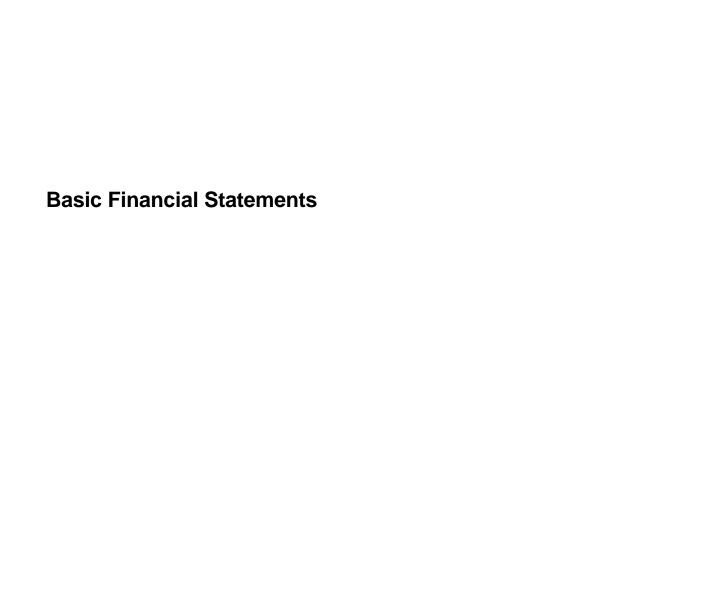
The Village adopted the budget (annual appropriation ordinance) in April of 2017. The budget for all funds is prepared on the cash basis of accounting. This is the same basis used in budgetary comparisons. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts.

<u>Factors or Conditions Impacting Future Periods</u>

Financial and budget planning is directly related to and supportive of the Village's strategic plan and operational needs. The Village's financial outlook is influenced by factors such as: the economy, employment, and commercial and residential growth.

Contacting the Village's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and customers with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Village Hall, 102 S. Walnut Avenue, P.O. Box 206, Forreston, IL 61030



Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2018

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	954,889	\$	419,426	\$	1,374,315
Investments	·	61,857	•	-	·	61,857
Receivables:						•
Property tax		186,864		-		186,864
State of Illinois		38,974		_		38,974
Utility users, less allowance of \$-0-		-		67,068		67,068
Prepaid items		2,729		-		2,729
Total current assets		1,245,313		486,494		1,731,807
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated		274,905		20,700		295,605
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		518,678		4,566,345		5,085,023
Total capital assets		793,583		4,587,045		5,380,628
Total assets		2,038,896		5,073,539		7,112,435
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows of pension resources		45,062		-		45,062
Total deferred outflows of resources		45,062		-		45,062
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable		6,382		8,316		14,698
Accrued payroll		5,843		2,760		8,603
Compensated absences		13,612		4,741		18,353
Current portion of IEPA loan payable		-		119,118		119,118
Total current liabilities		25,837		134,935		160,772
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net pension liability		85,591		-		85,591
IEPA loan payable		-		2,265,660		2,265,660
Total noncurrent liabilities		85,591		2,265,660		2,351,251
Total liabilities		111,428		2,400,595		2,512,023
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred inflows of pension resources		97,888		-		97,888
Property taxes		186,864		-		186,864
Total deferred inflows of resources		284,752		-		284,752
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		793,583		2,202,267		2,995,850
Restricted		386,486		-		386,486
Unrestricted		507,709		470,677		978,386
Total net position	\$	1,687,778	\$	2,672,944	\$	4,360,722

Statement of Activities

For the Year ended April 30, 2018

			Program Revenue						
					(Capital			
			Ch	narges for	Gr	ants and	Gr	ants and	
Functions/Programs	Е	xpenses		Services	Cor	ntributions	Cor	ntributions	
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	221,774	\$	17,372	\$	-	\$	15,954	
Public safety		192,782		4,580		-		8,500	
Public works		239,420		-		36,921		-	
Culture and recreation		73,229		2,583		7,923		-	
Total governmental									
activities	\$	727,205	\$	24,535	\$	44,844	\$	24,454	
Business-type activities:									
Water and Sewer	\$	588,035	\$	588,614	\$	_	\$	-	
Total business -type									
activities	\$	588,035	\$	588,614	\$	-	\$	-	
General revenues:									
Taxes:									
Property taxes									
Other									
Unrestricted investment e		gs							
Loss on disposal of asset									
Miscellaneous									
Total general revenue	S								
Transfers									
Change in net positi	on								
Net position - beginning									
Net position - ending									
iver position - enaing									

Changes	in	Net	Position
Onlandos	111	1106	1 03111011

G 	overnmental Activities	В	Business-type Activities	Total		
\$	(188,448) (179,702) (202,499) (62,723)	\$	- - -	\$	(188,448) (179,702) (202,499) (62,723)	
	(633,372)		-		(633,372)	
	-		579		579	
	-		579		579	
	233,523 329,114 6,324		- - 1,941		233,523 329,114 8,265	
	- 8,945 577,906		39,362 41,303		48,307 619,209	
	-		-		-	
	(55,466) 1,743,244		41,882 2,631,062		(13,584) 4,374,306	
\$	1,687,778	\$	2,672,944	\$	4,360,722	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

April 30, 2018

	General Fund	I	nsurance Fund	IMRF Fund	Library omponent Unit
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 650,266	\$	32,721	\$ 32,610	\$ 56,162
Investments	-		-	-	61,857
Receivables:					
Property taxes	40,351		37,000	35,000	25,500
State of Illinois	31,332		-	-	-
Other	-		-	-	-
Prepaid items	-		2,729	-	-
Total assets	\$ 721,949	\$	72,450	\$ 67,610	\$ 143,519
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,319	\$	917	\$ -	\$ 55
Accrued expenses	4,743		-	-	488
Total liabilities	10,062		917	-	543
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Property taxes	40,351		37,000	35,000	25,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	40,351		37,000	35,000	25,500
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	-		2,729	-	-
Restricted	14,527		31,804	32,610	117,476
Assigned, reported in					
General fund	259,928		-	-	-
Unassigned, reported in:					
General fund	397,081		-	 	 -
Total fund balances	 671,536		34,533	 32,610	 117,476
Total liabilities and					
fund balances	\$ 721,949	\$	72,450	\$ 67,610	\$ 143,519

Social Security Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	G	Other overnment Funds	G	Total overnment Funds
\$ 45,257	\$ 45,066	\$	92,807	\$	954,889
-	-		-		61,857
26,600	-		22,413		186,864
-	3,310		4,332		38,974
-	-		-		- 2,729
\$ 71,857	\$ 48,376	\$	119,552	\$	1,245,313
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		
\$ -	\$ -	\$	91	\$	6,382
 612	-		-		5,843
 612	-		91		12,225
 26,600	-		22,413		186,864
 26,600	-		22,413		186,864
-	<u>-</u>		-		2,729
44,645	48,376		97,048		386,486
-	-		-		259,928
 	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		397,081
44,645	48,376		97,048		1,046,224
\$ 71,857	\$ 48,376	\$	119,552	\$	1,245,313

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

April 30, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,046,224
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The net book value of the capital assets as reported.	793,583
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds: Deferred outflows related to pensions	45,062
Long-term liabilities, not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(13,612)
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(97,888)
Net pension liability	(85,591)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 1,687,778



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year ended April 30, 2018

	General Insurance Fund Fund		IMRF Fund	
Revenues				
Taxes	\$	377,637	\$ 61,053	\$ 35,030
Motor Fuel Tax allotment		-	-	-
Licenses, fees, and permits		17,372	-	-
Fines		4,580	-	-
Donations and grants		8,500	-	-
Other		13,145	166	197
Total revenues		421,234	61,219	35,227
Expenditures				
General government		71,150	47,597	14,246
Public safety		153,860	-	10,730
Public works		165,299	-	5,614
Culture and recreation		-	-	2,063
Capital expenditures		80,431	-	
Total expenditures		470,740	47,597	32,653
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(49,506)	13,622	2,574
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		-	-	-
Transfers out		-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	
Net change in fund balances		(49,506)	13,622	2,574
Fund balances, beginning		721,042	20,911	30,036
Fund balances, ending	\$	671,536	\$ 34,533	\$ 32,610

Library Component Unit		Social Security Fund	Fuel Tax Govern		Other overnment Funds	Total Government Funds			
\$ 28,180	\$	27,746 -	\$	- 36,921	\$	32,991 -	\$	562,637 36,921	
728 1,855 7,923		- - -		- - -		- - -		18,100 6,435 16,423	
 869 39,555		243 27,989		228 37,149		421 33,412		15,269 655,785	
00,000		27,000		07,110		00,112		000,700	
-		10,717 8,072		-		9,150 -		152,860 172,662	
- 43,951		4,223		54,279 -		- 8,319		229,415 54,333	
 <u> </u>		- 22.042				-		80,431	
43,951 (4,396)		23,012 4,977		54,279 (17,130)		17,469 15,943		689,701 (33,916)	
-		-		-		-		-	
<u>-</u> -		-		- -		-		-	
(4,396)		4,977		(17,130)		15,943		(33,916)	
 121,872		39,668		65,506		81,105		1,080,140	
\$ 117,476	\$	44,645	\$	48,376	\$	97,048	\$	1,046,224	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year ended April 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds	\$ (33,916)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net compensated absences expense in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	(210)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds: Change in net pension liability and deferred pension resources	(1,512)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded the capitalized assets in the period.	(19,828)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (55,466)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

April 30, 2018

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	419,426
Investments	•	-
Receivables - State of Illinois		-
Accounts receivable - utility users		67,068
Total current assets		486,494
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation		4,587,045
Total assets		5,073,539
Liabilities		
Accounts payable		8,316
Accrued wages		2,760
Compensated absences		4,741
Current portion of IEPA loan payable		119,118
Total current liabilities		134,935
IEPA loan payable		2,265,660
Total liabilities		2,400,595
Net Position		
Net Investment in capital assets		2,202,267
Unrestricted		470,677
Total net position	\$	2,672,944

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended April 30, 2018

		isiness-type Activities erprise Fund
Operating revenues		
Sewer revenue	\$	391,516
Water revenue	•	187,255
Miscellaneous		9,843
Total operating revenues		588,614
Operating expenses		
Personnel services		137,754
Contractual services		53,392
Commodities		115,517
Other expenses		748
Depreciation		231,298
Total operating expenses		538,709
Operating income		49,905
Nonoperating revenues		
(expenses)		
Interest income		1,941
Miscellaneous income		39,362
Interest expense		(49,326)
Total nonoperating revenues		_
(expenses)		(8,023)
Income before transfers		41,882
Transfers in		·
Transfers in Transfers (out)		<u>-</u>
Change in net position		41,882
Total net position, beginning		2,631,062
Total net position, ending	\$	2,672,944

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year ended April 30, 2018

	A	iness-type activities rprise Fund	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$	593,217	
Payments to suppliers		(286,877)	
Payments to employees		(105,686)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		200,654	
Cash Flows From Noncapital			
Financing Activities			
Transfers from other funds			
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities			
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Interest on loan payable		(49,326)	
Principal payments on IEPA note payable		(116,777)	
Purchase of fixed assets		(179,463)	
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(345,566)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Miscellaneous		39,362	
Interest on investments		1,941	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		41,303	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(103,609)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		523,035	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	419,426	

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds

Year ended April 30, 2018

	A	siness-type Activities erprise Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Net operating income	\$	49,905
Adjustment to reconcile net operating loss to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		231,298
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in utility accounts receivable		4,603
Decrease (increase) in receivables		-
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(83,352)
(Decrease) increase in accrued wages		(1,662)
(Decrease) increase in compensated absences		(138)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	200,654

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Village operates under a Board of Trustees form of government and provides services to the public such as public safety, health services, water and sewer system, streets and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted principles as applicable to governments. The Village of Forreston's financial statements include the accounts of all Village operations that are controlled by or dependent on the Village. Control or dependence is determined by financial interdependency, selection of governing board, designation of management, accountability for fiscal matters and ability to significantly influence operations.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, the Village has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic - but not the only - criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity is conducted within geographic boundaries of the Village and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the Village is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

The Forreston Public Library is a component unit of the Village of Forreston. The Library maintains a separate Board of Directors as well as separate checking and investment accounts. The Public Library is located within the Village limits and is available to all residents of the Village. Funding for the Library is provided by property taxes which are levied by the Village and collected by the County in which the Village and Library reside. The Village Clerk enters the Library fund activity into the Village general ledger on a monthly basis.

A separate set of financial statements is not prepared for the component unit.

This report includes all of the funds, account groups and component units of the Village (the primary government). It includes all activities considered to be part of (controlled by or dependent on) the Village as set forth under GAAP criteria.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

Government Wide, Fund Financial Statements and Basis of Accounting

The government wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Village. For the most part, the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expense of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function.

Earnings on investments, not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and enterprise funds.

The government wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Government Wide, Fund Financial Statements and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified accrual basis method of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The Village has elected to take exception to this assumption for income tax revenue remitted by the State. Due to the State being late with these payments, the Village considers those amounts applicable to the current fiscal year to be available if they have been vouchered by the State and will be paid after the 60 day period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital items.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

The focus of the proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

A proprietary fund is a fund in which a fee is charged to external users of goods and services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's internal service funds are charges to employees for insurance coverage. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the administrative expenses and insurance premiums. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all the financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund also includes the capital development fund which by definition of *GASB 54* is combined with the general fund for reporting purposes.

Insurance Fund

This fund records the receipt of property taxes levied for the Village's insurance expenditures and the associated insurance expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

IMRF Fund

This fund records the revenue of property taxes levied for the Village employee's pensions and the associated expenditures.

Library Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the library.

Social Security Fund

This fund records the receipt of property taxes levied for the Village employee's social security and Medicare expenditures.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

This fund records the receipts of the Village's share of state gasoline taxes. These funds are then expended for the maintenance of roads and bridges. State of Illinois law requires separate accounting for such revenues and expenditures.

The major proprietary fund is:

Water & Sewer Fund

This fund accounts for the provision of water treatment and distribution to the residential and commercial users of the Village.

Under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, the Village may report any governmental or enterprise fund (but not internal service funds or fiduciary funds) as a major fund if the government's officials believe the fund is "particularly important to financial statement users". The Village has chosen to include the Insurance, IMRF, Library Component Unit, Social Security and Motor Fuel Tax Funds as major funds even though the fund calculations do not classify them as major funds. The Village views these funds particularly important to the financial users.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include buildings, land improvements, construction in progress and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Village defines capital assets as assets with initial individual costs of \$5,000 or more for equipment, \$10,000 for vehicles and \$20,000 for streets. The cost of infrastructure has been capitalized and depreciated beginning in Fiscal Year 2005. Infrastructure includes roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, lighting systems, gutters, draining systems and the water and sewer system. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Donated assets are stated at their acquisition value as of the date of acquisition. The cost of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful life are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

All capital assets, except construction in progress, are being depreciated using the straight line method over the following useful lives:

Appliances and Tools, Book Collections, Office Equipment	5 years
Grounds Equipment, Building Improvements (carpeting)	
Vehicles under 13,000 gross vehicle weight	7 years
Equipment (radio communications, heavy construction)	
Vehicles over 13,000 gross vehicle weight, Street Improvements	10 years
Equipment (outdoors), Building Improvements (air & heating)	
Building improvements (roofing), Land Improvements (structure)	20 years
Sewerage Treatment Plants, Water & Sewer Works, Storm Sewer	25 years
Building Improvements (electrical & plumbing),	
Land Improvements (ground)	30 years
Buildings and Paved Streets	40 years

Capital assets in the governmental fund financial statements are reported as expenditures when incurred.

Property Taxes

The Village is responsible for assessing taxes, whereas the County in which the Village resides is responsible for collection and distributing taxes in accordance with enabling state legislation. Property taxes become a lien on January 1 of the levy year and may be paid in two equal installments. The tax levy year reported in the financial statements for April 30, 2018 is 2016. The first installment was due on or before June 9, 2017 and the second installment was due on or before September 8, 2017. The Village receives significant distributions approximately one month after the due date. Delinquent accounts are charged interest at 1-1/2% per month for residential and 1% per month for farm. The 2016 and 2017 tax levies ordinances were adopted on December 7, 2016 and December 4, 2017, respectively. The 2017 property tax levy has been deferred at April 30, 2018, as it was budgeted for fiscal year 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The term "budget" used throughout the financial statements refers to the appropriated expenditures and budgeted revenues as set forth in the Village's annual budget and appropriation ordinance.

Budgetary comparisons presented in the accompanying financial statements are prepared on the cash basis method of accounting which is in violation of generally accepted accounting principles but which is allowed under the Illinois Revised Statutes for Municipalities.

Unexpended budgeted amounts lapse at the end of each year. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at budgetary line items.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Village Board of Trustees. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds.

Deposits and Investments

The Village's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market. The Village has adopted a written investment policy as required by Section 2.5 of the Public Funds Investment Act.

Compensated Absences

The Village's employees are granted sick leave and vacation days. Unused sick days may be accumulated to a maximum of ten and unused vacation days may accumulate to a maximum of five.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond April 30, 2018, are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items recorded in governmental funds do not represent current resources that are available for appropriation and, thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is reserved.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government wide financial statements.

Receivables - Utility Users

Cycle billing procedures are followed in charging consumers for water and sewer treatment. Billings are issued on a monthly basis with all of the users billed each month. Receivables at year-end consist of amounts actually billed less payments received plus an estimate of the unbilled amount due from the date of the last cycle billing to year end. The Village considers all utility users' receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required at this time.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and additions to/deductions from IMRF's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

According to Government Accounting Standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; Nonspendable Fund Balance, Restricted Fund Balance, Committed Fund Balance, Assigned Fund Balance, and Unassigned Fund Balance.

Below are definitions of the how these balances are reported.

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts. The government has \$2,729 that is nonspendable at year end.

Restricted Fund Balance

The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity. Examples of these restrictions could be those imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. See Note 5 for the government's restricted fund balances at year end.

Committed Fund Balance

The government commits fund balance by making motions or passing resolution to adopt policy or to approve contracts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contract requirements. The government has no balances that are committed at year end.

Assigned Fund Balance

The assigned fund balance classification refers to amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent may be expressed by the Board to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The government has \$259,928 that are assigned for capital projects at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance

The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund totaling \$397,081.

Unless specifically identified, expenditures act to reduce first restricted balances, then committed balances, next assigned balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

Note 2 Common Bank Account

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all Village Funds; instead, certain funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in a common bank account, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balance attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain funds participating in the common bank account will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. The overdrafts result from expenditures which have been approved by the Village Board. A deficit in one fund restricts the cash available for use by other funds in the same common accounts. As of April 30, 2018, there were no overdrafts in the accounts.

Note 3 Deposits and Investments

Deposits. At year end, the Village's carrying amount of deposits was \$1,436,172 and the bank balance was \$1,456,802. Of the bank balance, \$1,450,021, was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the Village's agent in the Village's name.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits might not be recovered. As of April 30, 2018 \$6,781 of the Village's balance was exposed to custodial credit risk and was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments. As of April 30, 2018, the Village's investments are in certificates of deposits which for financial statement purposes, are shown as investments. For note disclosure purposes certificates of deposits are included in the deposits above.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Village has no specific policy on the interest rate risk at year end.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3 Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Village has no investments in any one issuer that represent 5% or more of the total Village's investments.

Foreign Currency Risk: The Village has no foreign currency risk for investments at year end.

Note 4 Capital Assets

As allowed by GASB 34, the Village has decided to record infrastructure assets prospectively beginning with fiscal year 2005. The governmental activities capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2018 follows:

	Balance May 1, 2017	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reduction</u>	Balance April 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 265,917	<u>\$ 8,988</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 274,905
Total capital assets not being depreciated	265,917	8,988	-	274,905
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings & Improvements Equipment & Vehicles	825,695 425,069	6,966 10,658	- <u>9,530</u>	832,661 <u>426,197</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,250,764	17,624	9,530	1,258,858
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	703,270	46,440	9,530	740,180
Total Governmental Type Fixed Assets - net	<u>\$ 813,411</u>	<u>\$(19,828)</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 793,58 <u>3</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4 Capital Assets (Continued)

The business-type activities capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2018 follows:

	Balance May 1, 2017	<u>Additions</u>	Reduction	Balance April 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 20,700 114,078	\$ - 	\$ - _114,078	\$ 20,700 ——————————————————————————————————
Total capital assets not being depreciated	134,778		114,078	20,700
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings & Improvements Equipment & Vehicles	5,154,606 284,148	280,225 	- 8,045	5,434,831 289,419
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,438,754	293,541	8,045	5,724,250
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	934,652	231,298	8,045	<u>1,157,905</u>
Total Business Type Fixed Assets - net	<u>\$4,638,880</u>	<u>\$ 62,243</u>	<u>\$114,078</u>	<u>\$4,587,045</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

C - 1 / 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Governmental	i activities:

General government Park Library	\$29,703 4,287 <u>12,450</u>
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	<u>\$46,440</u>
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Operations	<u>\$231,298</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 Restricted Fund Balances

The Village has fund balances restricted for the following:

Insurance	\$ 31,804
Historical Purposes	11,527
Community-wide Celebrations	3,000
IMRF	32,610
Library	117,476
Social Security	44,645
Motor Fuel Tax	48,376
Park	61,296
Band	5,735
Civil Defense	4,724
Audit	15,819
Business Development	9,474
Total	<u>\$386,486</u>

Note 6 Long-Term Debt

IEPA Loan

On October 6, 2014, the Village entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Bureau of Water Infrastructure Financial Assistance Section in the anticipated amount of \$2,800,000 for the rehabilitation/upgrade of the wastewater treatment plant. The note bears a fixed interest rate of 1.995%. The term of the loan is for 20 years with semi-annual repayments that began in 2016.

Annual debt service requirements including \$438,975 of interest are as follows:

Fiscal Year ending <u>April 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Annual Debt Service
2019	\$ 119,118	\$ 46,985	\$ 166,103
2020	121,506	44,597	166,103
2021	123,942	42,161	166,103
2022	126,427	39,676	166,103
2023	128,962	37,141	166,103
2024 - 2028	684,649	145,867	830,516
2029 - 2033	756,090	74,426	830,516
2034 – 2035	324,084	8,122	332,206
Total	<u>\$2,384,778</u>	<u>\$438,975</u>	<u>\$2,823,753</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6 Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of Long-Term Debt transactions of the Village of Forreston for the year ending April 30, 2018.

	May 1, 2017	<u>Issued</u>	Retired	April 30, 2018
Business-type activities:				
IEPA loan	<u>\$2,501,555</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$116,777</u>	<u>\$2,384,778</u>

The Village is subject to a debt limitation of 8.625% of its assessed valuation of \$15,000,241. As of April 30, 2018, the Village had \$1,293,771 of remaining legal debt margin.

Note 7 Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. In order to protect against such risks of loss, the Village purchases insurance coverage through Illinois Counties Risk Management Trust. The deductibles in effect through these policies as of April 30, 2018 range from \$0 - \$2,500. During the year ended April 30, 2018, there were no significant reductions in coverage. Also, there have been no settlements which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years. Potentially the Village could be assessed additional premiums for its share of any losses of the pool. Historically, the Village has not been assessed any additional premiums.

Note 8 Other Postemployment Benefits

The Village has evaluated its potential other postemployment benefits liability. The Village provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statues, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the Village are required to pay 100% of the current premium. However, no former employees have chosen to stay in the Village's health insurance plan. Therefore, there has been 0% utilization and, therefore, no implicit subsidy to calculate in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* Additionally, the Village had no former employees for whom the Village was providing an explicit subsidy and no current employees with agreements for future explicit subsidies upon retirement. Therefore, the Village has not recorded any postemployment benefit liability as of April 30, 2018.

Note 9 Expenditures Over Appropriations

The Village is required by statute to file an Appropriations Ordinance each fiscal year. Per Statutes of Illinois, expenditures may not legally exceed their appropriations. During the fiscal year ending April 30, 2018, the following fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations:

<u>Fund</u>	Appropriation	Expenditures	<u>Variance</u>
Social Security Fund	\$20,000	\$23,708	\$3,708

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10 Impact of Pending Accounting Principles

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions addresses the accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The provisions in Statement 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73* addresses issues regarding the presentation of payroll related measures in requirement supplementary information, the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations, and requires the current value of an entity's asset retirement obligations to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is after June 15, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10 Impact of Pending Accounting Principles (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

Management has not completed its assessment of these pending standards as to the effect, if any, they may have on the financial statements.

Note 11 Pension Plan

IMRF Plan Description – The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided – IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 Pension Plan (Continued)

Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms - At the December 31st 2017 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	8
Total	15

Contributions – As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2017 was 11.84%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, the Village contributed \$32,653 to the plan. The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability – The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2017:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.75%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39% to 14.50%, including inflation.
- The **Investment Rate of Return** was assumed to be 7.50%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.
- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2017:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio	Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Percentage	of Return
Domestic Equity	38%	6.85%
International Equity	16%	6.75%
Fixed Income	29%	3.00%
Real Estate	8%	5.75%
Alternative Investments	8%	2.65 - 7.35%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.25%
		·

Total 100%

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 Pension Plan (Continued)

Single Discount Rate – A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the longterm expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%, the municipal bond rate is 3.31%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Pension Liability (A)	Plan Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A)-(B)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$1,005,502	\$813,623	\$191,879
Changes for the year:			
Service costs	26,256	-	26,256
Interest on total pension liability	74,835	-	74,835
Difference between expected and			
actual experience of the total pension			
liability	(2,922)	-	(2,922)
Changes in assumptions	(32,587)	-	(32,587)
Contributions - employer	-	31,763	(31,763)
Contributions - employees	-	12,072	(12,072)
Net investment income	-	144,757	(144,757)
Benefit payments – net of refunds			
of employee contributions	(41,667)	(41,667)	-
Other changes (net transfer)	-	(16,722)	16,722
Net changes	23,915	130,203	(106,288)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$1,029,417	\$943,826	\$ 85,591

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11 Pension Plan (Continued)

	1%	Current	1%
	Lower	Discount	Higher
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net pension liability	\$195,265	\$85,591	\$(7,970)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended April 30, 2018, the Village recognized pension expense of \$33,275. At April 30, 2018, the Village reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Inflows Of Resources
Of itesources	Of Nesources
\$4 508	\$2,643
Ψ+,090	Ψ2,043
386	27,820
29,633	67,425
34,617	97,888
10,445	
\$45,062	\$97,888
	29,633 34,617 10,445

The Village reported \$10,445 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2019.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year Ending April 30	Net Deferred Outflows of Resources
2019	\$(11,097)
2020	(11,392)
2021	(21,840)
2022	(18,942)
2023	Ó
	\$(63.271)

Required Supplementary Information	

Required Supplementary Information Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) Last 10 Calendar Years

(schedule to be built prospectively from 2015)

		2017		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Calendar year ending December 31,												
Total pension liability:												
Service cost	\$	26,256	\$	28,354	\$ 26,020							
Interest on the total pension liability		74,835		69,447	64,456							
Benefit changes		-		-	-							
Difference between expected and actual experience		(2,922)		10,050	(1,732)							
Assumption changes		(32,587)		(6,339)	1,631							
Benefit payments and refunds		(41,667)		(30,521)	(13,759)							
Net change in total pension liability		23,915		70,991	76,616							
Total pension liability - beginning	1	,005,502		934,511	857,895							
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$1	,029,417	\$ ^	1,005,502	\$ 934,511							
Plan fiduciary net position:												
Employer contributions	\$	31,763	\$	34,204	\$ 34,925							
Employee contributions		12,072		18,596	11,274							
Pension plan net investment income		144,757		38,906	3,511							
Benefit payments and refunds		(41,667)		(30,521)	(13,759)							
Other		(16,722)		40,071	(9,539)							
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		130,203		101,256	26,412							
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		813,623		712,367	685,955							
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	943,826	\$	813,623	\$ 712,367							
Net pension liability(asset) - Ending (a) - (b)	\$	85,591	\$	191,879	\$ 222,144							_
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage												
of total pension liability		91.69%		80.92%	76.23%							
Covered valuation payroll	\$	268,268	\$	265,152	\$ 250,534							
Net pension liability as a percentage of												
covered valuation payroll		31.91%		72.37%	88.67%							

The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in April, 2016.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Multiyear Schedule of Contributions (IMRF) Last 10 Fiscal Years Required Supplementary Information

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) Multiyear Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution*	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2016	\$35,591	\$35,591	\$0	\$261,368	13.62%
2017 2018	33,500 32,653	33,500 32,653	0 0	264,783 280,825	12.65% 11.63%

^{*}Estimated based on 11.20% 2018 calendar year contribution rate, 11.84% 2017 calendar year contribution rate, and covered payroll of \$280,825

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Final Budget Budget Ad				Actual	Over (Under) Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	39,069	\$	39,069	\$	38,915	\$ (154)
Sales tax		112,000		112,000		101,183	(10,817)
State income tax		146,046		146,046		153,168	7,122
Local use tax		36,584		36,584		37,511	927
Replacement tax		8,927		8,927		9,767	840
Video gaming tax		10,000		10,000		12,995	2,995
Road and bridge tax		23,000		23,000		23,806	806
Total taxes		375,626		375,626		377,345	1,719
Total taxes		0.0,020		0.0,020		011,010	.,
Licenses, fees, and permits:							
Building permit fees		2,000		2,000		3,509	1,509
Liquor license fees		1,900		1,900		108	(1,792)
Trailer court fees		420		420		410	(10)
Franchise fees		12,500		12,500		13,345	845
Total licenses, fees, and permits		16,820		16,820		17,372	552
Fines		10,000		10,000		4,580	(5,420)
Other revenue:							
Investment		3,800		3,800		4,235	435
Miscellaneous		13,000		13,000		17,410	4,410
Total other		16,800		16,800		21,645	4,845
Total revenues	\$	419,246	\$	419,246	\$	420,942	\$ 1,696

General Fund (Continued)
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures
Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Required Supplementary Information

	Original Fina Budget Budg				Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Expenditures General government: Personal services:						
Salaries - full-time/part-time	\$	15,250	\$	15,250	\$ 15,960	\$ 710
Salaries - elected officials		16,320		16,320	15,600	(720)
Salaries - appointed officials Health insurance		3,700		3,700	3,700	-
Total personal services		35,270		35,270	35,260	(10)
Contractual services:		00,210		00,210	00,200	(10)
Maintenance - buildings		20,000		20,000	4,304	(15,696)
Maintenance - equipment		1,000		1,000	622	(378)
GIS Services		815		815	863	48
Training and travel		500		500	610	110
Postage		500		500	482	(18)
Advertising		1,200		1,200	882	(318)
Data Processing Services		1,000		1,000	463	(537)
Computer software		8,000		8,000	8,000	-
Legal Services		20,000		20,000	8,354	(11,646)
Ordinance codification		4,500		4,500	4,547	47
Dues		500		500	480	(20)
Telephone		550		550	699	149
Historical Fund		-		-	-	
Total contractual services		58,565		58,565	30,306	(28,259)
Commodities:						
Operating supplies		1,500		1,500	1,494	(6)
Other:						
Miscellaneous expense		2,000		2,000	2,908	908
Capital outlay:						
Office equipment		1,500		1,500	1,197	(303)
Total general government		98,835		98,835	71,165	(27,670)

General Fund (Continued) Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Expenditures (Continued)				
Public Safety:				
Personnel services:				
Salaries	110,736	110,736	108,765	(1,971)
Health insurance	37,730	37,730	36,476	(1,254)
Total personnel services	148,466	148,466	145,241	(3,225)
Contractual services:				
Maintenance - vehicles	2,000	2,000	271	(1,729)
Telephone	1,200	1,200	1,549	349
Animal shelter maintenance	100	100	113	13
Maintenance- Equipment	2,000	2,000	1,463	(537)
Training	1,000	1,000	742	(258)
Total contractual services	6,300	6,300	4,138	(2,162)
Commodities:				
Uniforms	_	-	-	-
Supplies	1,000	1,000	208	(792)
Gas and oil	7,000	7,000	7,429	429
Programs	-	-	-	
Total commodities	8,000	8,000	7,637	(363)
Capital Outlay:				
Equipment	2,000	2,000	520	(1,480)
Total public safety	164,766	164,766	157,536	(7,230)
Highways and streets: Personal services:				
Salary - Superintendent of Public Works	24,288	24,288	25,222	934
Salaries - full time	29,120	29,120	30,232	1,112
Salaries - snow removal and part-time	10,080	10,080	2,945	(7,135)
Health insurance	21,664	21,664	21,170	(494)
Total personal services	85,152	85,152	79,569	(5,583)

General Fund (Continued)
Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures
Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis)
Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Expenditures (Continued)				
Highways and Streets (Continued)				
Contractual services:				
Maintenance - buildings	500	500	180	(320)
Maintenance - vehicles	5,000	5,000	2,167	(2,833)
Maintenance - equipment	2,000	2,000	2,018	` 18 [°]
Maintenance - streets	15,000	15,000	16,755	1,755
Snow removal	-	-	-	-
Tree removal and replacement	6,000	6,000	5,065	(935)
Telephone	700	700	648	(52)
Utilities	-	-	-	-
Street lighting	17,000	17,000	21,477	4,477
Parking lot rental	1,700	1,700	1,700	-
Engineering services	8,000	8,000	2,298	(5,702)
Total contractual services	55,900	55,900	52,308	(3,592)
Commodities:				
Gas and oil	10,000	10,000	7,150	(2,850)
Miscellaneous expense	500	500	282	(218)
Tools	3,000	3,000	3,368	368
Maintenance supply - buildings	1,000	1,000	189	(811)
Maintenance supply - snow control	7,000	7,000	3,802	(3,198)
Maintenance supply - streets	30,000	30,000	14,664	(15,336)
Maintenance supply - vehicles				
and equipment	6,000	6,000	9,991	3,991
Total commodities	57,500	57,500	39,446	(18,054)
Total highways and streets	198,552	198,552	171,323	(27,229)
Contingencies	-	-	-	_
Capital expenditures	189,000	189,000	78,369	(110,631)
Total expenditures	\$ 651,153	\$ 651,153	\$ 478,393	\$ (172,760)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Operating transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating transfers out	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Insurance Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 56,556	\$ 56,556	\$ 61,053	\$ 4,497
Other revenue:				
Investment income	100	100	166	66
Total revenues	\$ 56,656	\$ 56,656	\$ 61,219	\$ 4,563
Expenditures General government:				
Contractual services:				
General liability insurance	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 44,424	\$ (10,576)
Unemployment insurance	500	500	644	144
Total expenditures	\$ 55,500	\$ 55,500	\$ 45,068	\$ (10,432)
Other Financing Sources (uses)				
Operating transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating transfers out	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

IMRF Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 37,019	\$ 37,019	\$ 35,030	\$ (1,989)
Other revenue:				
Investment income	150	150	197	47
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	\$ 37,169	\$ 37,169	\$ 35,227	\$ (1,942)
Expenditures				
General government:				
IMRF contributions	\$ 33,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 32,653	\$ (347)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Library Component Unit Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget			Final Budget Actual				Over (Under) Budget	
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	26,300	\$	26,300	\$	26,180	\$	(120)	
Replacement taxes Other revenue:		1,700		1,700		2,000		300	
Investment income		1,500		1,500		834		(666)	
Charges for services		4,200		4,200		2,583		(1,617)	
Grants and contributions		11,807		11,807		7,923		(3,884)	
Miscellaneous income		3,000		3,000		35		(2,965)	
Total revenues	\$	48,507	\$	48,507	\$	39,555	\$	(8,952)	
Expenditures									
Culture and recreation:									
Personal services	\$	23,447	\$	23,447	\$	22,714	\$	(733)	
Supplies and expenses		34,207		34,207		15,725		(18,482)	
Repairs and maintenance		11,840		11,840		2,194		(9,646)	
Utilities		3,000		3,000		3,836		836	
Miscellaneous		500		500		141		(359)	
Total expenditures	\$	72,994	\$	72,994	\$	44,610	\$	(28,384)	

Social Security Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 21,594	\$ 21,594	\$ 25,022	\$ 3,428
Replacement taxes	2,670	2,670	2,724	54
Other revenue:				
Investment income	200	200	243	43
Total revenues	\$ 24,464	\$ 24,464	\$ 27,989	\$ 3,525
Expenditures				
General government:				
Personal services:				
Employer payroll taxes	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 23,708	\$ 3,708
Total expenditures	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 23,708	\$ 3,708

Motor Fuel Tax Fund Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) Required Supplementary Information

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over Under) Budget
Revenues					
Taxes:					
Motor Fuel Tax allotment Other revenue:	\$	37,235	\$ 37,235	\$ 36,777	\$ (458)
Investment income		350	350	228	(122)
Total revenues	\$	37,585	\$ 37,585	\$ 37,005	\$ (580)
Expenditures					
Public works	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 54,279	\$ (20,721)
Total expenditures	\$	75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 54,279	\$ (20,721)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$		\$	\$	\$
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	<u></u> \$	<u>-</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1 Budgets

The term "budget" used throughout the financial statements represents the estimated revenues and appropriations as set forth in the Village's annual appropriation ordinance adopted for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018.

Financial statements in the fund financial section of this report are prepared on the modified accrual basis while the budget is prepared on the cash basis. Due to this, the amounts shown on the Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget to Actual (Budgetary Basis) do not match the amounts shown on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Proprietary Funds. On pages 52 - 54 are reconciliations of the GAAP basis to cash basis for budgetary purposes.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note 2 Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2017 Contribution Rate for IMRF *

Valuation date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of

December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of

the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2017 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed

Remaining Amortization Period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 26-year closed

period

Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years

selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 21 years for most employers (two employers were

financed over 30 years)>

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage growth 3.50%

Price Inflation 2.75% - approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in

this valuation.

Salary Increases 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period 2011-2013.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used

fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for the non-disabled lives. For active members, am IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

		Final Budget		Actual on ash Basis	to	ustments GAAP Basis		Actual on AAP Basis	
General Fund									
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	375,626	\$	377,345	\$	292	\$	377,637	
Licenses, fees, and permits		16,820		17,372		-		17,372	
Fines		10,000		4,580		-		4,580	
Other revenue		16,800		21,645		-		21,645	
Total revenues		419,246		420,942		292		421,234	
Expenditures									
General government		97,335		69,968		1,182		71,150	
Public safety		162,766		157,016		(3,156)		153,860	
Highways and streets		198,552		171,323		(6,024)		165,299	
Capital outlay		3,500		80,086		345		80,431	
Other		-		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		462,153		478,393		(7,653)		470,740	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	\$	(42,907)	\$	(57,451)	\$	7,945	\$	(49,506)	
Social Security									
Revenues Taxes:									
Property and replacement taxes	\$	24,264	\$	27,746	\$	_	\$	27,746	
Other revenue:	•	, -	•	, -	•		·	, -	
Investment income		200		243		-		243	
Total revenues		24,464		27,989		-		27,989	
Expenditures									
General government:									
Social security and Medicare		20,000		23,708		(696)		23,012	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	\$	4,464	\$	4,281	\$	696	\$	4,977	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

	l	Final Budget		ctual on ash Basis	to	Adjustments to GAAP Basis		ctual on AP Basis	
Insurance									
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	56,556	\$	61,053	\$	-	\$	61,053	
Other revenue:									
Investment income		100		166		-		166	
Total revenues		56,656		61,219		-		61,219	
Expenditures									
General government:									
Contractual services:									
General liability insurance		55,000		44,424		2,529		46,953	
Unemployment insurance		500		644		2,525		644	
<u>Onemployment insurance</u>		300		<u> </u>				044	
Total expenditures		55,500		45,068		2,529		47,597	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	\$	1,156	\$	16 151	\$	(2,529)	\$	12 622	
over experiditures	Ψ	1,150	Φ	16,151	φ	(2,329)	φ	13,622	
IMRF									
Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	37,019	\$	35,030	\$	_	\$	35,030	
Other revenue:				•					
Investment income		150		197		-		197	
Total revenues		37,169		35,227		-		35,227	
Expenditures									
General government:									
IMRF contributions		33,000		32,653				32,653	
IIVII COITHIDUHOIIS		33,000		32,000		-		32,003	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	\$	4,169	\$	2,574	\$	-	\$	2,574	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

		Final Budget	-	ictual on ash Basis	Adjustments to GAAP Basis			actual on AAP Basis
Motor Fuel Tax Fund								
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Motor fuel tax allotment	\$	37,235	\$	36,777	\$	144	\$	36,921
Other revenue:	*	· ,_ ·	*	,	•		*	,
Investment income		350		228		_		228
Total revenues		37,585		37,005		144		37,149
Expenditures								
Public works		75,000		54,279		_		54,279
Total expenditures		75,000		54,279		-		54,279
•		,		,				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	\$	(37,415)	\$	(17,274)	\$	144	\$	(17,130)
Library (Component Unit)								
Library (Component Unit)								
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	28,000	\$	28,180	\$	-	\$	28,180
Licenses, fees, and permits		1,200		728		-		728
Fines		3,000		1,855		-		1,855
Donations and grants		11,807		7,923		-		7,923
Other		4,500		869		-		869
Total revenues		48,507		39,555		-		39,555
Expenditures								
Culture and recreation		72,994		44,610		(659)		43,951
Evene (definion av) of revenues								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Φ.	(04.407)	Φ.	/F 055\	Φ.	050	Φ.	(4.000)
over expenditures	\$	(24,487)	\$	(5,055)	\$	659	\$	(4,396)

Other Supple	ementary Inform	nation	

Combining Balance Sheet General Fund

	ı	Total General Funds	,	General Fund		Capital velopment Fund
Assets						
Cash and savings Investments, at cost Receivables:	\$	650,266 -	\$	390,338 -	\$	259,928 -
Property taxes State of Illinois Other		40,351 31,332 -		40,351 31,332 -		-
Total assets	\$	721,949	\$	462,021	\$	259,928
Liabilities						
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Compensated absences	\$	5,319 4,743 -	\$	5,319 4,743 -	\$	- - -
Total liabilities		10,062		10,062		<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes		40,351		40,351		
Total deferred inflows of resources		40,351		40,351		
Fund Balances						
Restricted Assigned, reported in General fund Unassigned, reported in General fund		14,527 259,928 397,081		14,527 - 397,081		- 259,928 -
Total fund balances		671,536		411,608		259,928
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$	721,949	\$	462,021	\$	259,928

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	N Go	Park Fund	
Assets			
Cash and savings Investments Receivables:	\$	92,807 -	\$ 61,387 -
Property taxes State of Illinois		22,413 4,332	11,250 -
Total assets	\$	119,552	\$ 72,637
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$	91	\$ 91
Total liabilities		91	91
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property taxes		22,413	11,250
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,413	11,250
Fund Balances			
Restricted		97,048	61,296
Total fund balances		97,048	61,296
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund equity	\$	119,552	\$ 72,637

	Dand		Civil				Development		
	Band Fund		Defense Fund	Audit Fund			District Fund		
	i unu		i unu		i unu		T UTIU		
\$	5,735	\$	4,724	\$	15,819	\$	5,142		
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		
	800		362		10,001				
	-		-		-		4,332		
\$	6,535	\$	5,086	\$	25,820	\$	9,474		
Ψ	0,555	φ	5,000	Ψ	25,620	Ψ	9,414		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$			
	-		-		-		-		
	800		362		10,001		-		
	800		362		10,001		_		
					10,001				
	5,735		4,724		15,819		9,474		
	5,735		4,724		15,819		9,474		
	3,733		4,124		15,019		3,414		
•	0 = 0 =	•	= 0.5.5	•	0				
\$	6,535	\$	5,086	\$	25,820	\$	9,474		

Business

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds				
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	23,517	\$	10,843		
Intergovernmental	Y	9,474	Ψ.	-		
Donations and grants		-		_		
Other revenue		421		284		
Total revenues		33,412		11,127		
Expenditures						
General government		9,150		_		
Culture and recreation		8,319		7,119		
Capital outlay		-				
Total expenditures		17,469		7,119		
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures		15,943		4,008		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		_		_		
Transfers out		-				
Total other financing						
sources (uses):		_				
Net changes in fund balances		15,943		4,008		
Fund balances, beginning		81,105		57,288		
Fund balance, ending	\$	97,048	\$	61,296		

Band Fund	Civil Defense Fund	ivil Dev ense Audit		Business Development District Fund		
\$ 801	\$ 363	\$	11,510	\$ -		
-	-		-	9,474		
-	-		-	-		
 28	23		86	<u> </u>		
 829	386		11,596	9,474		
_	_		9,150	_		
1,200 -			-	-		
 -	-		-			
 1,200	-		9,150			
(371)	386		2,446	9,474		
_	_		_	_		
 -			-			
 -	-		-	-		
(371)	386		2,446	9,474		
 6,106	4,338		13,373	_		
\$ 5,735	\$ 4,724	\$	15,819	\$ 9,474		